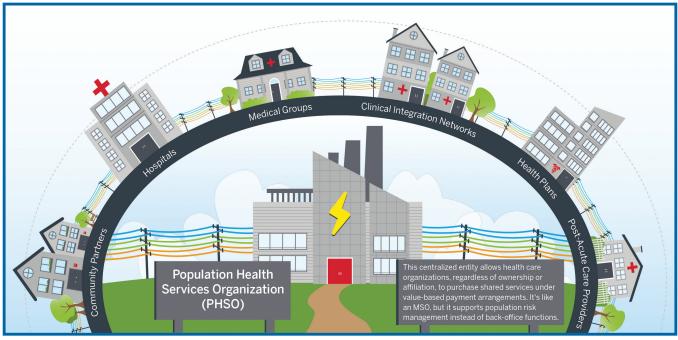


# 2017 Top Ten Quality Metrics Quick Reference Guide

### - POWER OUR -Population Health Strategy

Population Health Services Organization (PHSO)—an optimized, physician-partnered operations entity that powers a system to improve health outcomes, promote economies of scale and coordination, and reduce variation across the continuum.



"Power Your Population Health Strategy," Consulting and Management, The Advisory Board Company, Copyright 2015

# McLaren Physician Partners through its members will be the best value in health care as defined by quality outcomes and cost.



Dear McLaren Physician Partners Member,

The McLaren Physician Partners (MPP) Quality and Clinical Integration program for 2017 will increase the focus on performance and the rate of improvement. In order to achieve these goals year over year, the decision has been made to maintain the same Top Ten HEDIS (Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set) metrics for this year. Achieving top decile performance in these "Top Ten" metrics will assist you in meeting the goals of the Pay for Performance programs for our contracted health plans.

The HEDIS metrics do not always reflect current cancer screening or professional organization guidelines in terms of age groups or frequency. In this publication, we have provided you both the HEDIS measurement specification as well as screening guideline resources so that you can make the best choices for your patients.

If you have questions regarding, please feel free to contact either one of us or your MPP Quality Performance Specialist.

Sincerely,

Laurence f. Cocosill D. O.

Lawrence J. Cowsill, D.O., F.A.C.O.I. Senior Medical Director

Miccard & DD

Michael Ziccardi, Jr., D.O. Medical Director

# MPP Top Ten Quality Metrics - 2017

Category	Top Ten Metric	Measure Specifications
	Adult BMI Assessment	Adults 18-20 with weight and BMI percentile (either numeric or plotted on growth chart) documented in 2016 or 2017.
		Adults 21-74 with weight and BMI documented in 2016 or 2017
	Childhood Weight Assessment	Children 3-17 who had a BMI percentile documented
	Breast Cancer Screening	Women 50-74 years of age who had one or more mammograms any time during current or prior year (October 1, 2015 – December 31, 2017)
		Exclusion: Bilateral mastectomy
	Colorectal Cancer Screening	Patients ages 51-75 with one of the following:
Screening Measures		<ul> <li>FOBT during current year (may <u>not</u> be digital rectal exam) – (2017)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Flexible sigmoidoscopy in last 5 years (2013-2017)</li> </ul>
		Colonoscopy in the last 10 years (2008-2017)
		<ul> <li>CT colonography in last 5 years (2013-2017)</li> </ul>
		• FIT-DNA (Cologuard) in last 3 years (2015, 2016, 2017)
		Exclusion: colorectal cancer, total colectomy
	Cervical Cancer Screening	Women 21-64 years who were screened for cervical cancer using either of the following:
		• 21-64 who had a pap smear in the last 3 years (2015, 2016, 2017)
		<ul> <li>30-64 who had PAP and HPV co-testing during the last 5 years (2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017)</li> </ul>
		Exclusion: Hysterectomy with no residual cervix. Document: Total, Complete, or Radical abdominal or vaginal hysterectomy
	Chlamydia Screening in Women	Women 16-24 years identified as sexually active who had at least one chlamydia test during 2017
	Diabetes Care: Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) Testing	Age 18-75 who had HA1C test completed in current year (2017)
	Diabetes Care: Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) Control < 8.0%	Age 18-75 who had HA1C test less than 8.0% in current year (2017)
Comprehensive Diabetes Care	Diabetes Care: Retinal Eye Exam	Diabetic retinal exam in current year (may be 2 years if negative)
	Diabetes Care: Medical attention for Nephropathy	Age 18-75 who had either (1) a urine test (24-hour urine for albumin, protein or total protein, timed urine for albumin or protein, spot urine for albumin or protein), Urine for albumin/creatinine ratio, or random urine for protein/creatinine ratio, (2) visit with nephrologist, or (3) ACE/ARB dispensed in current year



#### ADULT BMI ASSESSMENT

- Adults ages 18 to 20 with weight and BMI percentile (either numeric or plotted on growth chart) documented in 2016 or 2017. Adults ages 21-74 with weight and BMI documented during in 2016 or 2017. This may occur in any outpatient visit type (PCP or Specialist)
- Documentation in the medical record must indicate the height, weight and BMI value
- Adult BMI Assessment v-code included on the claim

Description	ICD-10 Code for ages 21 years and older (use BMI percentile if less than 21)
BMI 19 or less	Z68.1
BMI 20.0-20.9	Z68.20
BMI 21.0-21.9	Z68.21
BMI 22.0-22.9	Z68.22
BMI 23.0-23.9	Z68.23
BMI 24.0-24.9	Z68.24
BMI 25.0-25.9	Z68.25
BMI 26.0-26.9	Z68.26
BMI 27.0-27.9	Z68.27
BMI 28.0-28.9	Z68.28
BMI 29.0-29.9	Z68.29
BMI 30.0-30.9	Z68.30
BMI 31.0-31.9	Z68.31
BMI 32.0-32.9	Z68.32
BMI 33.0-33.9	Z68.33
BMI 34.0-34.9	Z68.34
BMI 35.0-35.9	Z68.35
BMI 36.0-36.9	Z68.36
BMI 37.0-37.9	Z68.37
BMI 38.0-38.9	Z68.38
BMI 39.0-39.9	Z68.39
BMI 40.0-44.9	Z68.41
BMI 45.0-49.9	Z68.42
BMI 50.0-59.9	Z68.43
BMI 60.0-69.9	Z68.44
BMI >=70	Z68.45

#### **Best Practices:**

- $O\;$  Use ICD-10 code on claims.
- If not using an EMR, place BMI Charts near scales or use a BMI wheel or calculator app.
- Document patient's height, weight, and BMI on an annual basis.



#### WEIGHT ASSESSMENT & COUNSELING FOR NUTRITION/PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

- Percentage of children ages 3 TO 17 who had the following during 2017:
  - Height, weight, and BMI percentile documentation either numeric or plotted on an age-growth chart (percentile is used because the BMI norms vary with age and gender)
  - Counseling for nutrition documentation of current nutrition behaviors documented e.g. eating habits or dieting behaviors; checklist indicating nutrition was addressed; anticipatory guidance for nutrition; patient received educational materials on nutrition; weight or obesity counseling; or counseling or referral for nutrition education.

### **Best Practices:**

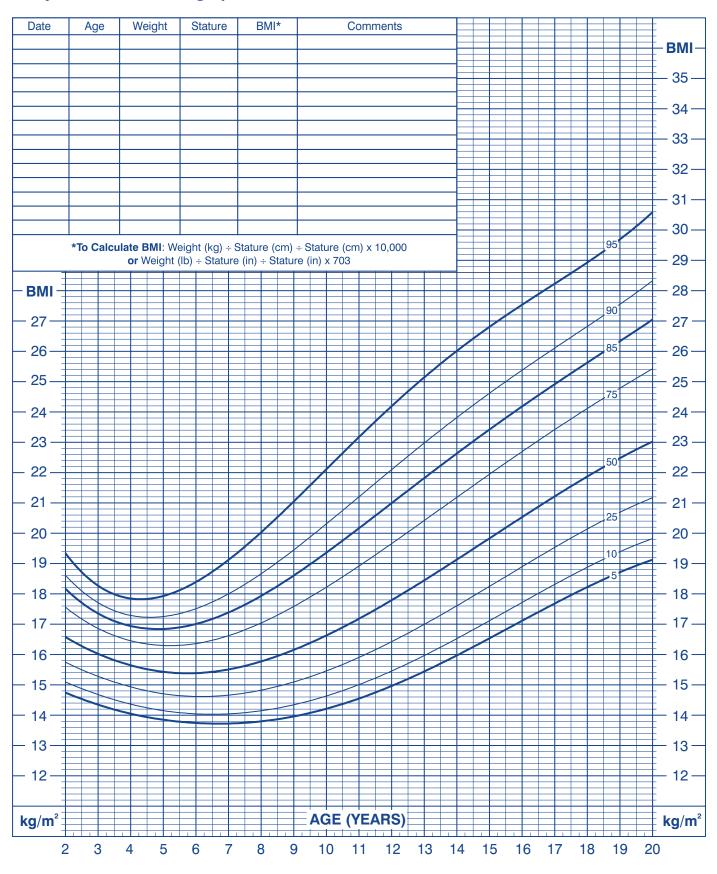
- O Use ICD-10 code on claims.
- If not using an EMR, place BMI Charts near scales or use a BMI wheel or calculator app.
- Document patient's height, weight, and BMI on an annual basis.
- Counseling for physical activity documentation
   of current physical activity behaviors e.g. exercise
   routine, sports participation, exam for sports participation, Sports Physical; checklist
   indicating physical activity behaviors were addressed; anticipatory guidance for
   physical activity; patient received educational materials on physical activity; weight or
   obesity counseling; or counseling or referral for physical activity education.

BMI Percentile		Counseling for Nutrition and Physical Activity	
Description	ICD 10 Code	Description	Code
BMI less than 5th percentile for age	Z68.51	Counseling for nutrition	ICD-10: Z71.3 (Dietary surveillance and counseling)
BMI 5th to less than 85th percentile for age	Z68.52		
BMI 85th to less than 95th percentile for age	Z68.53	Counseling for physical activity	There is no ICD-10 equivalent for counseling for physical activity – submit supplemental data to the
BMI greater than 95th percentile for age	Z68.54		health plan or ICD-10: Z02.5 for Sports Physical

NAME .

#### 2 to 20 years: Boys Body mass index-for-age percentiles

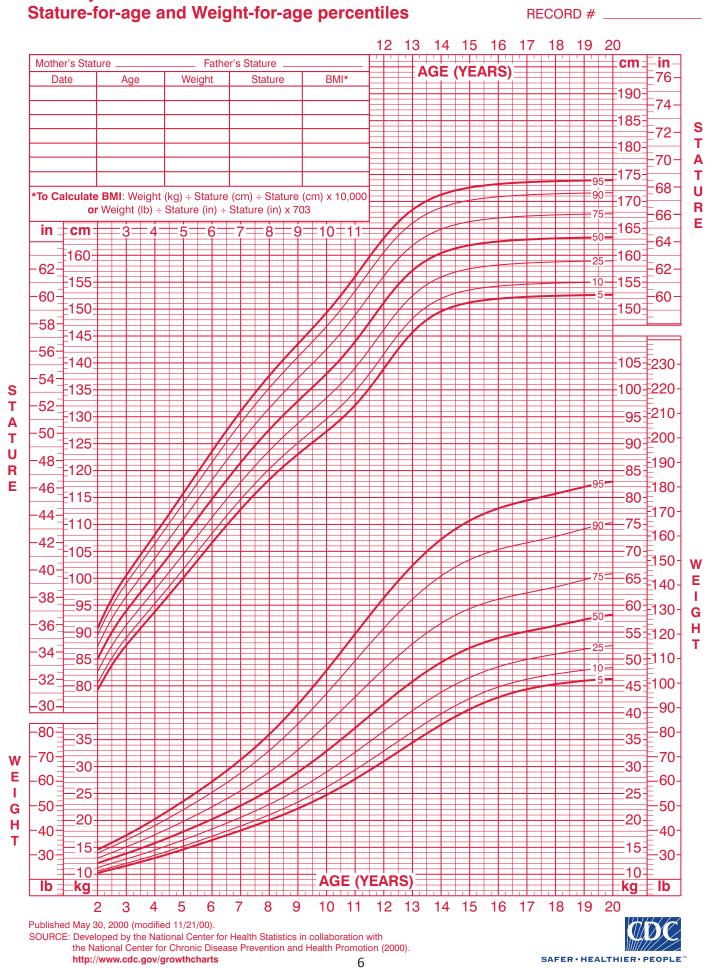
RECORD #



Published May 30, 2000 (modified 10/16/00).

SOURCE: Developed by the National Center for Health Statistics in collaboration with the National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (2000). http://www.cdc.gov/growthcharts 2 to 20 years: Girls

NAME \_

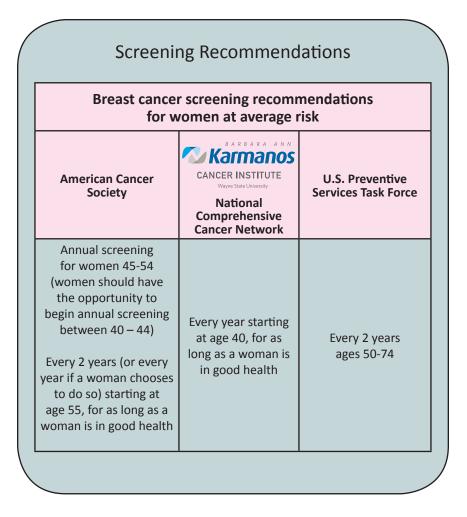




#### **BREAST CANCER SCREENING**

#### **HEDIS Measure description:**

- Percentage of Women ages 50 to 74 who had a mammogram between October 1, 2015 and December 31, 2017
- EXCLUSION: Bilateral Mastectomy



### Ways to improve Breast cancer screening rates:

Educate female patients about the importance of early detection and screening.

Breast Cancer Awareness activities during the month of October.

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with Breast Cancer Screening gaps.

Utilize test tracking methods to ensure compliance.

Use standing orders for mammograms.

Partner with McLaren Regional Breast Centers. They offer free or discounted screening as well as other services such as transportation and reminder programs.



#### **CERVICAL CANCER SCREENING**

#### **HEDIS Measure description:**

- Women 21-64 years who were screened for cervical cancer using either of the following:
  - O 21-64 who had a pap smear in the last 3 years (2015, 2016, 2017)
  - O 30-64 who had PAP and HPV co-testing during the last 5 years (2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017)
- EXCLUSION: Hysterectomy with no residual cervix. Document: Total, Complete, or radical abdominal or vaginal hysterectomy and the year of the surgery.

### Ways to improve Cervical cancer screening rates:

For Pap and HPV Co-testing, do not order "Reflex" testing as the lab will only run the HPV test if the PAP test is abnormal.

Educate female patients about the importance of early detection and screening.

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with Cervical Cancer Screening gaps.

For patients who have testing done by their OB/GYN, request a copy of the test results from the specialist's office (see OB/ GYN Services Referral Form).

### **OB/GYN Services**

Patien	it Name:	DOB:	
		Health Plan ID:	
	ry Care Physician Information		·
		For:	
		Fax:	
		Phone:	
City: _		State: MI Z	lip:
		FINDINGS	
		Date of service	Result
Cervi	cal Cancer Screening		
HPV (	Co-Testing		
Chlar	nydia Screening		
Breas	st Cancer Screening		
Pleas	e check any that apply:		
	Hysterectomy with no resid	dual cervix	
	Date of procedure: _		_
	Pregnancy Test performed pregnancy before X-ray or	in current measurement yea Isotretinoin prescription	ar to screen for
	Bilateral Mastectomy		
	Date of procedure: _		
D	lease fax of copy test res	sults and documentation	with this form

Office Name: \_\_\_\_\_



#### **COLORECTAL CANCER SCREENING**

#### **HEDIS Measure description:**

- Percentage of patients ages 51-75 with one of the following:
  - 0 FOBT during 2017
  - O Flexible sigmoidoscopy between 2013 through 2017
  - o Colonoscopy between 2008 through 2017
  - O CT colonography between 2013 through 2017
  - o FIT-DNA (Cologuard) between 2015-2017
- EXCLUSIONS: Colon Cancer or Total Colectomy

## NOTE: Tests performed on a sample collected via a digital rectal exam <u>do not</u> meet criteria

Product	Sensitivity/ Specificity	Process
Seracult - Triple slide	Sensitivity is 0.38mg of hemoglobin per 100ml of water Requires dietary and medicinal modifications	Three patient Samples collected at home, returned and processed at office
FOBT/FIT Test	Specificity is 97% No restrictions to diet or medications required	Single patient sample collected at home, processed at office or regional hospital
FIT-DNA (Cologuard)	CRC Specificity is 92.3% (See next page for more details) No restrictions to diet or medications	Provider orders test kit for patient through Cologuard. Kit is sent to patient, completed specimen is returned to Cologuard, result sent to provider

### Ways to improve Colorectal cancer screening rates:

Encourage patients who are resistant to having a colonoscopy to complete a FOBT or FIT-DNA test at home

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with Colorectal Cancer Screening gaps.

Utilize test and specialist referral tracking methods to ensure compliance

Document test/surgical history and date on the patient's problem list in the medical record.

#### NOTE: Please ensure that the patient's insurance covers this test prior to ordering.

Cologuard is intended for the qualitative detection of colorectal neoplasia associated DNA markers and for the presence of occult hemoglobin in a stool sample. A positive result may indicate the presence of colorectal cancer or advanced adenoma and should be followed by diagnostic colonoscopy. Cologuard is indicated to screen asymptomatic adults (male or female), 50 years or older, who are at average risk for colorectal cancer. Cologuard is not a replacement for diagnostic colonoscopy or surveillance colonoscopy in high risk individuals.

Cologuard is not indicated in the following situations (list may not be all inclusive):

- Symptomatic individuals
- Personal history of adenomatous polyps
- Personal history of colorectal cancer
- History of Inflammatory bowel disease
- Family history of colorectal cancer or adenomatous polyps in a parent or other first-degree relative particularly with the age of cancer onset is 45 or younger
- Familial adenomatous polyposis
- Lynch syndrome

#### **Blue Care Network Pre-testing Requirements:**

Providers will need to call JVHL (800) 445-4979 and provide the following information:

- Diagnosis code
- Price of test = \$649
- Patient info (name, address, DOB, contract #)
- Provider information

Provider will then need to answer the following questions:

- Is the patient at high risk for colon cancer?
- Has the patient had a colonoscopy in the last 12 months?
- Does the patient have any current complaints of blood in urine, bloody stools, etc.
- Has the patient signed an informed consent for the sample?



#### CHLAMYDIA SCREENING

Ways to improve Chlamydia screening rates:

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with chlamydia screening gaps.

Perform chlamydia urine test for patients aged 16-24 when they present for pregnancy testing, dysuria, or Birth control prescription/refill.

Utilize test tracking methods to ensure compliance.

Forward exclusion documentation to the health plan.

#### **HEDIS Measure description:**

- Percentage of women ages 16-24 who were identified as sexually active (through claims for birth control pills, STD testing, or pregnancy testing) who had at least one Chlamydia test during 2017. NOTE: screening may be performed by swab or urine.
- EXCLUSIONS: Women who were included in the measure based on pregnancy test alone and the member had a prescription for Isotretinoin or an X-ray on the date of the pregnancy test or the 6 days after the pregnancy test.



#### COMPREHENSIVE DIABETES CARE: HEMOGLOBIN A1C TESTING

### Ways to improve HA1C testing rates:

Review diabetic services at each visit.

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with HA1C testing gaps.

Order lab testing prior to office visit or use standing orders.

Utilize Diabetic or Chronic Care Flow sheets to document testing.

Utilize test tracking methods to ensure patient compliance and that lab reports are received.

Review hospital medical records for lab results.

For waived testing at the office, ensure that the testing is documented in the medical record and coded on the claim.

Forward exclusion documentation to the health plan. **HEDIS Measure description:** 

- Percentage of diabetic patients ages 18-75 who have had a HA1C testing during 2017
- EXCLUSIONS: Gestational diabetes or steroid induced diabetes in 2016 or 2017

The American Diabetes Association (2017) Clinical Practice Recommendations: Perform A1C test at least 2 times a year in patients who are meeting treatment goals. Perform A1C quarterly in patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals.

Diabetes Care 2017;40(Suppl. 1):S1–S138



#### COMPREHENSIVE DIABETES CARE: HEMOGLOBIN A1C <8%

#### **HEDIS Measure description:**

- Percentage of diabetic patients ages 18-75 whose A1C is < 8% during 2017</li>
- EXCLUSIONS: Gestational diabetes or steroid induced diabetes in 2016 or 2017

Description	CPT II Code for HA1C Testing:
HA1C < 7%	3044F
HA1C 7-9%	3045F
HA1C > 9%	3046F

### Ways to improve HA1C < 8% rates:

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with HA1C < 8% gaps.

Ensure diabetes medication compliance.

Refer patients for Self-Management or Nutritional Counseling.

Utilize Diabetic or Chronic Care Flow sheets to document testing.

Utilize test tracking methods to ensure patient compliance and that lab reports are received.

For waived testing at the office, ensure testing is documented in the medical record and use CPT II coding for test results.

Review hospital medical records for lab results.



#### COMPREHENSIVE DIABETES CARE: MEDICAL ATTENTION FOR NEPHROPATHY

#### **HEDIS Measure description:**

- Percentage of diabetic patients ages 18-75 who had evidence of a nephropathy screening test or evidence of nephropathy during 2017.
  - O Included tests are:
    - a urine test (24-hour urine for albumin, protein or total protein, timed urine for albumin or protein, spot urine or albumin for protein, Urine for albumin/creatinine ratio, or random urine for protein/creatinine ratio,
    - (2) visit with nephrologist, or
    - (3) ACE/ARB dispensed in 2017.
  - Documented evidence of a visit with a nephrologist, stage 4 chronic kidney disease (CKD), end stage renal disease (ESRD), or kidney transplant.

# Note: A urinalysis/urine dip test with protein valued at positive/negative <u>does not</u> meet this measure.

• EXCLUSIONS: Gestational diabetes or steroid induced diabetes in 2016 or 2017

Description	CPT II Code
Documentation of treatment for nephropathy (patient receiving dialysis, patient being treated for ESRD, CKD, ARF, or renal insufficiency, any visit to a nephrologist)	3066F
ACE inhibitor or ARB therapy prescribed	4009F

### Ways to improve Nephropathy screening rates:

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with nephropathy screening gaps.

Utilize Diabetic or Chronic Care Flow sheets to document testing.

Utilize Test Tracking Process to ensure patient complete testing and lab reports are received.

For waived testing at the office, ensure testing is documented in the medical record and coded on the claim.

Review hospital medical records for lab results.



#### COMPREHENSIVE DIABETES CARE: RETINAL EYE EXAM

#### **HEDIS Measure description:**

- Percentage of diabetic patients ages 18-75 who had a retinal or dilated eye exam during 2017 or a negative retinal eye exam in 2016
- EXCLUSIONS: Gestational diabetes or steroid induced diabetes in 2016 or 2017

Description	CPT II Code:
No evidence of retinopathy in the prior year.	3072F

### Ways to improve Retinal Eye Exam rates:

Remind patients that retinal eye exams are covered under their medical insurance.

Utilize a retinal eye exam referral form.

Utilize MPP Web reporting to identify patients with retinal eye exam gaps.

Utilize Diabetic or Chronic Care Flow sheets to document exam results.

Partner with PCMH Neighborhood eye care specialists to enhance communication.

Utilize referral tracking methods to ensure patient compliance and that specialist reports are received.

#### **DIABETIC RETINOPATHY EVALUATION**

Patient Information	
Patient Name:	_ DOB:
Date of Exam:	_ Health Plan ID:
Primary Care Physician Information	
Physician:	Fax:
Address:	Phone:
City:	State: <u></u> Zip:
FINDINGS	
□ No diabetic retinopathy is found in either eye. OR	
RETINAL EXAM ABNORMALITIES DETECTED, A	AS FOLLOWS:
Background changes noted in:	
□ Right (Circle Grade) Mild	Moderate Severe
Clinically significant diabetic macular	edema? Yes No
Left (Circle Grade) Mild	Moderate Severe
Clinically significant diabetic macular	edema? Yes No
Proliferative changes noted in:	
□ Right (Circle Grade) Active	Regressed/Stable
Left (Circle Grade) Active	Regressed/Stable
FOLLOW UP	
Routine follow-up exam is recommended in one ye	ear. OR
General Follow-up of abnormalities in my office is recommended	ended in (timeframe).
Referral to Dr is recommende	ed in(timeframe).
Cataracts or Glaucoma detected OR laser treatme	ent is needed. Letter to follow.
Codes to Indicate HEDIS Compliance:	
92004 – Ophthalmological services: Medical examina continuation of diagnostic and treatment program; interm visits.	
92014 – Ophthalmological services: Medical examina continuation of diagnostic and treatment program; compore visits.	
2022F – Dilated eye exam with interpretation by an ophi and reviewed	thalmologist or optometrist documented
2024F – Seven (7) standard field stereoscopic photos with optometrist documented and reviewed.	h interpretation by an ophthalmologist or
2026F – Eye imaging validated to match diagnosis from photos with interpretation by an ophthalmologist or optom	
3072F – Low risk for retinopathy (no evidence of retinopa	athy in the prior year)
_	
Eye	Care Professional Signature

Eye Care Professional Printed Last Name

### 2017 ADDITIONAL HEDIS MEASURES AT A GLANCE

Category	Measure Title	Specifications
Transition of Care	Post Hospital Follow-up	Post hospital follow-up visit within 7 calendar days of discharge NOTE: For BCBSM and BCN Medicare Advantage - Follow-up visit within 3 days
	Childhood Immunization Status	Children 2 years of age who had the following vaccines on or before their second birthday: (4) DTaP; (3) IPV ; (1) MMR; (3) HiB; (3) Hep B; (1) VZV; (4) PCV; (1) Hep A; (2 or 3) RV; (2) Influenza Exclusion: documented anaphylactic reaction to the vaccine or its components
Pediatric Immunizations	Immunizations for Adolescents	Children 13 years of age who received the following vaccine on or before the 13th birthday: (1) meningococcal, (1) Tdap, (3) HPV (MALES and females). Exclusion: documented anaphylactic reaction to the vaccine or its components
and Well Child Visits	Well-Child Visits in the First 15 months of Life	6 or more visits by the time the child reached 15 months of age (does not include inpatient or ED visit types)
	Well-Child Visits in the 3rd, 4th, 5th, and 6th Years of Life	Patients 3 – 6 years of age who had at least one well-child visit with a PCP during 2017
	Adolescent Well-Child Visit	Patients 12-21 years of age who had one comprehensive Well-Care visit with PCP or OB/GYN in 2017
	Appropriate Testing for Children with Pharyngitis	Ages 3-18 diagnosed with pharyngitis and dispensed an antibiotic should have received a strep test within 3 days prior to diagnosis through 3 days after diagnosis.
Despiratory Conditions	Appropriate Treatment for Children with Upper Respiratory Infection	Ages 3 months to 18 diagnosed with URI should not be dispensed an antibiotic within 3 days of the diagnosis
Respiratory Conditions	Avoidance of Antibiotic Treatment in Adults with Acute Bronchitis	Ages 18-64 diagnosed with acute bronchitis who were not dispensed an antibiotic
	Medication management for people with Asthma	Patients 5-85 years of age, dispensed controller medication and remained on for at least 50% or 75% during 2017
	Antidepressant Medication Management: Acute Phase	Age 18 and older diagnosed with new episode of major depression, treated with antidepressant medication, and who remained on an antidepressant medication treatment for at least 84 days (12 weeks)
	Antidepressant Medication Management: Continuation Phase	Age 18 and older diagnosed with new episode of major depression, treated with antidepressant medication, and who remained on an antidepressant medication treatment for at least 180 days (6 months)
Behavioral Health	Follow-up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication: Initiation Phase (6-12 years)	Newly prescribed ADHD medication who had one follow-up visit with within 30 days of first ADHD medication prescription
	Follow-up Care for Children Prescribed ADHD Medication: Continuation and Maintenance (C&M) Phase (6-12 years)	Newly prescribed ADHD medication who remained on the medication for at least 210 days and who in addition to the visit in the initiation phase, had at least 2 follow-up visit within 270 days (9 months) after the initiation phase ended.
	Depression Management – PHQ9 testing	12 years and older with any depressive conditions. PHQ9 administered during baseline period (Jan 2017 - June 2017) scoring greater than or equal to 10 and had a follow- up PHQ9 administered during the follow-up period (July 2017 - Dec 2017) scoring below 5.
Pharmacy	Annual Monitoring for Patients on Persistent Medications	Patients 18 years and older on the medication types listed below for at least 6 months with at least one therapeutic monitoring event during 2017: ACE/ARB: serum potassium and creatinine Digoxin: serum potassium creatinine and digoxin level Diuretics serum potassium and creatinine
	Aspirin or antiplatelet therapy	Age 40 and over as of 12/31/17 who is prescribed or currently taking aspirin or antiplatelet therapy – Report CPT II code 4086F for patients meeting criteria.
Other	Smoking/Tobacco cessation counseling	18 years and older who use tobacco and receive face-to-face cessation advice, information on medication and strategies to help them quit, and a follow-up letter from the physician to review the information discussed.
	Use of Imaging Studies for Low Back Pain	Age 18-85 with diagnosis of low back patient who did not have an imaging study (plain X-Ray, MRI, CT Scan) within the 28 days following the initial diagnosis.



#### **MEDICARE STARS MEASURES**

Medicare uses a Star Rating System to measure how well Medicare Advantage and prescription drug (Part D) plans perform. Rating Range from 1 to 5 stars, with five being the highest.

Some of the areas Medicare reviews for these ratings include:

- How well illnesses are detected and members are kept healthy
- How well members use recommended and medication safety

Category	Measure Title	Specifications
	Adult BMI Assessment	Adults with weight and BMI documented in 2016 or 2017.
Adult Prevention and Screening Measures	Breast Cancer Screening	Women 50-74 years of age who had one or more mammograms any time during current or prior year (October 1, 2015 – December 31, 2017). Exclusion: Bilateral mastectomy
	Colorectal Cancer Screening	<ul> <li>Patients ages 51-75 with one of the following:</li> <li>gFOBT or iFOBT during current year – 2017 (may not be digital rectal exam)</li> <li>Flexible sigmoidoscopy in 2013-2017</li> <li>Colonoscopy in 2008-2017</li> <li>CT colonography 2013-2017</li> <li>FIT-DNA (Cologuard) 2015-2017</li> <li>Exclusion: colorectal cancer, total colectomy</li> </ul>
	Diabetes Care: Retinal Eye Exam	Diabetic retinal exam in 2017 (may be 2 years if negative)
	Diabetes Care: HbA1c Control ≤ 9.0%	Age 18-75 who had HA1C test less than or equal to 9.0% in current year (2017)
Comprehensive Diabetes Care	Diabetes Care: Medical attention for Nephropathy	Age 18-75 who had either (1) a urine test (24-hour urine for albumin, protein or total protein, timed urine for albumin or protein, spot urine or albumin for protein, Urine for albumin/creatinine ratio, or random urine for protein/creatinine ratio), (2) visit with nephrologist, or (3) ACE/ARB dispensed in 2017. Note: a urinalysis/urine dip test with protein valued at positive/negative does not meet this measure.
	Controlling High Blood Pressure	Patients 18 – 85 years of age with diagnosis of hypertension prior to June 30, 2017 and whose blood pressure is adequately controlled. 18-59 <140/90; 60-85 (without diabetes) <150/90; 60-85 (with diabetes) <140/90.
Cardiovascular Conditions		Systolic Blood Pressure value report one of the systolic codes - 3074F SBP < 130 - 3075F SBP 130-139 - SBP > 140 and < 150 no CPT II code
		Diastolic Blood Pressure value report on of the systolic codes - 3078F DBP < 80 - 3079F DBP 80-89
		Exclusions: ESRD, Kidney transplant, Dialysis, Pregnancy during 2017, Non-Acute Inpatient Admission during 2017



#### **MEDICARE STARS MEASURES - MEDICATION SAFETY & PHARMACY**

#### Medication Reconciliation within 30 day of a hospital discharge:

<u>Document</u>: hospital discharge date, date medication reconciliation was completed, documentation indicating that the patient's current list of medication was reconciled against the hospital discharge list of medication.

<u>Code</u>: **1111F** (Discharge medications reconciled with the current medication list in outpatient medical record)

Category	Measure Title	Specifications
	Proportion of Days Covered (Diabetes All Class)	Patients 18 years and older take their diabetic medications (oral and injectable) for at least two prescription fills during 2017. (Medication Adherence = 80% or more days covered)
	Proportion of Days Covered (RAS Antagonists)	Patients 18 years and older take their hypertension medication (ACE/ARB) medications for at least two prescription fills during 2017. (Medication Adherence = 80% or more days covered)
	Proportion of Days Covered (Statins)	Patients 18 years and older take their statin therapy for at least two prescription fills during 2017. (Medication Adherence = 80% or more days covered)
	Disease modifying anti-rheumatic drug therapy for rheumatoid arthritis	Percentage of members overs 18 years old diagnosed with rheumatoid arthritis who were dispensed at least one ambulatory prescription or more for a disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug. <b>Code: 4187F</b> (DMARD dispensed, prescribed, or administered)
Pharmacy	High Risk Medication	Patients 65 years or older who have 2 or more prescription claims for certain drugs with high risk side effects. Drugs targeted if 2 or more prescriptions dispensed: Estrogen, Skeletal muscle relaxants, Tricyclic antidepressants, First generation antihistamines, Digoxin, Glyburide.
		Drugs target is cumulative day supply dispensed is more than 90 days: non- benzodiazepine hypnotics, antibiotics.
	Osteoporosis management in Women Who Head a Fracture	The percentage of women age 67-85 years of age and older who suffered a facture and who had either a bone density test or a prescription for a drug to treat or prevent osteoporosis in the months after the date of the fracture. <b>Code: 4005F</b> (pharmacologic therapy (other than vitamins/ minerals) for osteoporosis prescribed
		Description Prescriptions
		Biphosphonates       • Alendronate       • Risedronate         • Alendronate-       • Zoledronic acid         cholecalciferol       • Zoledronic acid
		Other Agents • Calcitonin • Raloxifene • Denosumab • Teroparatide

### **MPP QUALITY DIRECTORY:**



#### Who to contact for questions

Name	Title	Email	Office Phone	Region
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